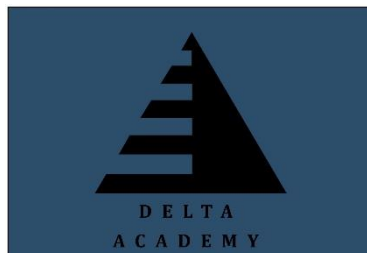


**COMMON LAW ADMISSION TEST (CLAT)
UNDER-GRADUATE COURSES
MOCK TEST QUESTION PAPERS**

CLAT MOCK TEST 2018

ORGANISING INSTITUTE



**DELTA ACADEMY
Ghaziabad, Delhi- NCR**

Delta Academy, Ghaziabad MOCK TEST CLAT SERIES 2018

UNDER-GRADUATE COURSES

Admit Card No.:

Time: 3 P.M. to 5 P.M. (2 hours)

OMR Answer Sheet No.:.....

Total Marks: 200

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. No Duplicate Booklet will be issued.
2. Enter your 7 Digit Admit Card number in the space provided above and in the OMR Answer sheet.
3. Enter the 6-Digit OMR Answer Sheet number in the space provided above.
4. There are 5 Section (Sections I-V) comprising of 190 objective type questions. The answers to these objective type questions are to be entered on the OMR Answer sheets by fully shading tile appropriate ovals.
5. Answer all question.
6. ***THERE IS NO NEGATIVE MARKING.***
7. Specific instructions are given at the beginning of each Section. Read them carefully before answering.
8. For rough work there is a blank page at the end.
9. Total number of pages of the Question Booklet is:** excluding the rough sheet at the end of the booklet.
10. The possession of any electronic gadget in the examination hall will disqualify the candidate for being considered for selection.
11. Adoption of any unfair means during the text will disqualify the candidate. The decision of the Superintendent of the Centre shall be final in this regard.

SIGNATURE OF THE CENTRE SUPERINTENDENT

SECTION-I: ENGLISH
PART –A

Instruction: Read the given passage carefully and attempt the questions that follow and shade the appropriate answer in the space provided for it on the OMR answer sheet.

Example: If *the appropriate answer is (a)*, shade the appropriate oval on the OMR sheet.

Marks: Each question carries 1 (one) mark)

(Total 10 marks)

MY LOVE OF NATURE, goes right back to my childhood, to the times when I stayed on my grandparents' farm in Suffolk. My father was in the armed forces, so we were always moving and didn't have a home base for any length of time, but I loved going there. I think it was my grandmother who encouraged me more than anyone: she taught me the names of wild flowers and got me interested in looking at the countryside, so it seemed obvious to go on to do Zoology at University.

I didn't get my first camera until after I'd graduated, when I was due to go diving in Norway and needed a method of recording the sea creatures I would find there. My father didn't know anything about photography, but he bought me an Exacta, which was really quite a good camera for the time, and I went off to take my first pictures of sea anemones and starfish. I became keen very quickly, and learned how to develop and print; obviously I didn't have much money in those days, so I did more black and white photography than colour, but it was still using the camera very much as a tool to record what I found both by diving and on the shore. I had no ambition at all to be a photographer then, or even for some years afterwards.

Unlike many of the wildlife photographers of the time, I trained as a scientist and therefore my way of expressing myself is very different. I've tried from the beginning to produce pictures which are always biologically correct. There are people who will alter things deliberately: you don't pick up sea creatures from the middle of the shore and take them down to attractive pools at the bottom of the shore without knowing you're doing it. In so doing you're actually falsifying the sort of seaweeds they have on and so on, which may seem unimportant, but it is actually changing the natural surroundings to make them prettier. Unfortunately, many of the people who select pictures are looking for attractive images mid, at the end of the day, whether it's truthful or not doesn't really matter to them.

It's important to think about the animal first, and there are many occasions when I've not taken a picture because it would have been too disturbing. Nothing is so important that you have to get that shot; of course, there are cases when it would be very sad if you didn't, but it's not the end of the world. There can be a lot of ignorance in people's behaviour towards wild animals and it's a problem that more and more people are going to wild places: while some animals may get used to cars, they won't get used to people suddenly rusting up to them. The sheer pressure of people, coupled with the fact that there are increasingly fewer places where no-one else has photographed, means that over the years, life has become much more difficult part of the professional wildlife photographer. Nevertheless, wildlife photographs play a very important part in educating people about what is out there and what needs conserving. Although photography can be an enjoyable pastime, as it is to many people, it is also something that plays a very important part in educating young and old alike. Of the qualities it takes to make a good wildlife photographer, patience is perhaps the most obvious –you just have to be prepared to sit it out. I'm actually more patient now because I write more than ever before, and as long as I've got a bit of paper and a pencil, I don't feel of wasting my time. And because I

photograph such a wide range of things, even if the main target doesn't appear I can probably find something else to concentrate on instead.

1. The writer decided to go to university and study Zoology because
 - (a) she wanted to improve her life in the countryside
 - (b) she was persuaded to do so by her grandmother
 - (c) she was keen on the natural world
 - (d) she wanted to stop moving around all the time.

2. Why did she get her first camera?
 - (a) she needed to be able to look back at what she had seen
 - (b) she wanted to find out if she enjoyed photography
 - (c) her father thought it was a good idea for her to have one
 - (d) she wanted to learn how to use one and develop her own prints

3. She did more black and white photography than colour because
 - (a) she did not like colour photograph
 - (b) she did not have a good camera
 - (c) she wanted quality photograph
 - (d) she didn't have much money in those days

4. How is she different from some of the other wildlife photographers she meets?
 - (a) she tries to make her photographs as attractive as possible
 - (b) she takes photographs which record accurate natural conditions
 - (c) she likes to photograph plants as well as wildlife
 - (d) she knows the best places to find wildlife

5. Which does 'them' refer to in the 7th line in paragraph 3?
 - (a) sea creatures
 - (b) attractive pools
 - (c) seaweeds
 - (d) natural surroundings

6. What the writer means by 'ignorance in people's behaviour' is
 - (a) altering things deliberately
 - (b) people suddenly rushing up to animals
 - (c) people taking photographs of wild animals
 - (d) people not thinking about the animals in the first place

7. The writer now finds it more difficult to photograph wild animals because
 - (a) there are fewer of them
 - (b) they have become more nervous of people
 - (c) it is harder to find suitable places
 - (d) they have become frightened of cars

8. Wildlife photography is important because it can make people realize that
 - (a) photography is an enjoyable hobby
 - (b) we learn little about wildlife at school
 - (c) it is worthwhile visiting the countryside
 - (d) wildlife photographs educate people about wild animals

9. Why is she more patient now?
 - (a) she does other things while waiting
 - (b) she has got used to waiting
 - (c) she can concentrate better than she used to
 - (d) she knows the result will be worth it

10. Which of the following describes the writer?
 - (a) proud
 - (b) sensitive
 - (c) aggressive
 - (d) disappointed

PART - B

Instructions: (Questions 11-15). Three of the four words given in these questions are spelt wrong. Select the word that is spelt correct and shade the appropriate answer in the space provided for it on the OMR Answer Sheet.

Marks : Each question carries 1 (One) mark. (Total 5 marks)

11. (a) randezown (b) randezevous (c) randzevous (d) rendezvous
12. (a) malaese (b) melaize (c) melaise (d) malaise
13. (a) fulfillment (b) fulfilment (c) fullfilment (d) fullfillment
14. (a) obnoxious (b) obnoxius (c) obnaxious (d) abnaxious
15. (a) submision (b) submission (c) summattion (d) sumission

PART - C

Instructions: (Questions 16-20), Given below are a few foreign language phrases that are commonly used. Choose the correct meaning for each of the phrases and shade the appropriate answer in the space provided for it on the OMR Answer Sheet.

Marks: Each question carries 1 (One) mark. (Total 5 marks)

16. actus reus
(a) in good faith (b) action of a person
(c) without any faith (d) without any action
17. Pro bono
(a) work without charge (b) at quoted rate
(c) in proportion (d) beyond all proportion
18. vini vidi vici
(a) the other way round (b) versatile verse
(c) in consonance with (d) I came, saw and conquered
19. Ad valorem
(a) proportionate value (b) high incentive value
(c) Judicial determined value (d) without incentive value
20. Ad hoc
(a) makeshift (b) permanent
(c) no where (d) without any excuse

PART - D

Instructions: (Questions 21-25), Some idioms given below are commonly used. Choose the correct meaning for each of the idioms and shade the appropriate answer in the space provided for it on the OMR Answer Sheet.

Marks: Each question carries 1 (One) mark. (Total 5 marks)

21. To lay in the ambush
(a) To lose the game (b) To hide in the game of hide and seek
(c) To lay a trap (d) To be admitted to hospital

22. To keep one's cool
 (a) To Close the Chapter (b) To walk on the heels
 (c) To preserve one's energy (d) To be in good mood
23. To catch a tartar
 (a) To light with the hatchet (b) To lot get the enmity
 (c) To catch a dangerous person (d) To pick up enmity
24. To drive home
 (a) to find one's root (b) To reach safe to resting place
 (c) to emphasise (d) Back to original position
25. To smell a rat
 (a) To suspect a trick (b) To detect a foul smell
 (c) To behave like a rat (d) To trust blindly

Select the correct meanings of the given words in question number 36 to 40

26. Lexicon
 (a) number (b) legal document (c) dictionary (d) captain's dog
27. Portent
 (a) crude person (b) herb (c) exceptional person or thing (d) evil spell
28. hermit
 (a) cottage (b) a kind of dress (c) a saint (d) warrior
29. Liturgy
 (a) prayer (b) priest (c) ritual (d) church
30. sedulous
 (a) diligent (b) passionate (c) pretentious (d) unorganised

Instruction: Given below are five list of words followed by some choices. In each case, choose the alternative that you can combine with every word in that particular list to form a familiar word phrase and shade the appropriate answer in the space provided for it on the OMR answer sheet.

Marks: Each question carries 1 (one) mark

Total 5 marks

31. Down, aside, about, forth
 (a) set (b) fly (c) bum (d) Lake
32. Over, about, after, at
 (a) cross (b) lay (c) here (d) go
33. Forward, across, around, upon
 (a) straight (b) come (c) fast (d) mark
34. In, down, for, out
 (a) pray (b) try (c) grow (d) stand
35. Away, through, up, down
 (a) stay (b) come (c) break (d) speak

Instruction: The five paragraphs given below have all had their constituent sentences jumbled and given in the numbers PQRS. Read each jumbled passage carefully and then pick the option in which the best sequence is shown mid shade die appropriate answer in the space provided for it on the OMR answer sheet.

Marks: Each question carries 1 (one) marks (Total 5 marks)

36. Rearrange to form a sentence.

P: by her indulgent parents

Q: the child was so spoiled

R: when she did not receive all of their attention

S: that she pouted and became sullen

Arrange these sentences in correct order.

(a) RQPS (b) QRPS (c) QPSR (d) QSPR

37. Rearrange the phrases to make a meaningful sentence.

P: the chief reason is that it is considered rude to differ with them.

Q: moreover, even agreeing with them completely is not considered good manners.

R: in England it is not easy to keep up a conversation with women in the company.

S: nor you can ask them to give a reason for the opinion they profess,

T: you are also afraid of imposing your views upon them.

(a) PSTQR (b) RPSTQ (c) PQRST (d) RSTPQ

38. Arrange these phrases in the correct order

P. naturally, committees assume that anybody interested in national heritage is fluent in Latin.

Q. so avers the national heritage committee's new report, recalling the inscription in memory of Sir Christopher Wren.

R. but for those readers whose classics a bit rusty, it translates as: "if you seek a

monument to him, look about you.

S. "is momentum requires circumstance".

(a)QRPS (b) SQPR (c)SRQP (d) None of these

39. Arrange these phrases in correct order.

P. to change losing to winning.

Q. the most important factor for

R. success is never to lose hope and

S. keep on endeavouring towards one's target

(a)QRSP (b) SQPR (c)SRQP (d) PSRQ

40. Re-arrange the following phrases.

P She saw her opportunity.

Q to make amends

R when he came to her home

S to borrow some sugar.

(a) bcda (b) bcad (c) adbc (d) abcd

SECTION II: GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

Instruction: From the four answers, shade the most appropriate answer in the space provided for it on the OMR sheet.

Marks: Each question carries $\frac{1}{2}$ (half) mark
marks)

(Total 50

41. Which of the following is not associated with UNO?

(a) ILO (b) WHO (c) ASEAN (d) All of the above

42. Permanent Secretariat to coordinate the implementation of the programs of the SAARC is located at:

(a) Dhaka (b) New Delhi (c) Colombo (d) Kathmandu

43. The Headquarter of the Food and Agricultural Organisation is in:

(a) Washington (b) Paris (c) Madrid (d) Rome

44. The International Gandhi Peace Prize was last given in the year to:

(a) Chandi Prasad Bhatt (b) Desmond Tutu (c) ISRO (d) IPCC

45. Which of the society has instituted an award for an Outstanding Parliamentarian?

(a) JamanaLal Bajaj Foundation

(b) Institute of Constitutional & Parliamentary Studies

(c) G.B. Pant Memorial Society

(d) Indian Parliamentary Group

46. Who wrote the book, "We the People"?

- (a) J L Nehru (b) J R D Tata
(c) Khushwant Singh (d) Nani Palikwala

47. 'Alice in Wonderland' is the famous TV Serial based on the book written by

- (a) Father Discoste (b) Frank Kafka
(c) Charles Dicken (d) Lewis Caroll

48. The temperature at which the water boils depends mainly on:

- (a) Air Temperature
(b) Relative Humidity
(c) Air Pressure
(d) The Specific head of the air

49. Radiations are harmful as it causes:

- (a) causes of skin cancer
(b) causes anaemia
(c) alters body tissues
(d) is unstable

50. When is the International Worker's Day celebrated?

- (a) 15th April (b) 1st May (c) 10th December (d) 31st January

51. Plea Bargaining is

- (a) permissible in India (b) illegal in India
(c) mandatory in India (d) allowed subject to the permission of the court

52. The person appointed by two parties to settle a dispute is known as:

- (a) Judge (b) Arbitrator (c) Solicitor (d) Conciliator

53. Right to livelihood is a fundamental right under

- (a) Article 19 of the Constitution (b) Article 21 of the Constitution
(c) Article 14 of the Constitution (d) None of the above

54. Legal aid for an accused is

- (a) Fundamental right. (b) legal right
(c) directive principle of State Policy (d) Discretion of state

55. Maximum number of states / union territories in India come under the Jurisdiction of which of the following High Courts?

- [A] Kolkata High Court
[B] Guwahati High Court
[C] High Court of Madras
[D] Bombay High Court

56. The Higher court issued a writ to a lower court preventing it from exceeding its jurisdiction. This is referred to as _____?

- [A] Certiorari
[B] Prohibition
[C] Habeas Corpus
[D] None of them

57. Economic Planning comes under which of the following lists ?

- (a) Union List
- (b) Concurrent list
- (c) State List
- (d) None of them

58. Which among the following is an essential feature of a Unitary Government ?

- [A] Written Constitution
- [B] Independence of Judiciary
- [C] Double Citizenship
- [D] None of the above

59. Consider the following:

1. High Courts
2. Supreme Court

The power of Judicial Review is enjoyed by which among the above?

- [A] Only 1
- [B] Only 2
- [C] Both 1 & 2
- [D] Neither 1 nor 2.

60. In which of the following states, Electronic Voting Machines (EVMs) were used for the first time in India?

- [A] Karnataka
- [B] Kerala
- [C] Tamil Nadu
- [D] West Bengal

61. Which among the following is NOT a salient feature of the 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act ?

- [A] Gram Sabha
- [B] Three Tier System
- [C] State Election Commission
- [D] State Planning Commission

62. which among the following articles of Constitution of India deals with “Prohibition of Traffic in Human beings”, ?

- [A] Article 21
- [B] Article 22
- [C] Article 23
- [D] Article 24

63. Who among the following can be a chairman of the National Human Rights Commission?

- [A] Any serving judge of Supreme Court
- [B] Any retired Judge of Supreme Court
- [C] Serving Chief justice of India
- [D] Retired Chief Justice of India

64. Consider the following:

1. Fundamental Rights
2. Fundamental Duties

3. Directive principles of State Policy

The “principle of gender equality” is enshrined in the Indian Constitution in which among the above parts?

- [A] Only 1
- [B] Only 1 & 2
- [C] Only 2 & 3
- [D] All the above

65. In which year “The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act” was enacted?

- [A] 2003
- [B] 2005
- [C] 2007
- [D] 2009

66. Who among the following was the chairman of the Special Committee to examine the Draft Constitution of India ?

- [a] dr. b r ambedkar
- [b] sir alladi krishnaswami ayyer
- [c] sardar patel
- [d] sardar balvant Singh

67. The salary of the Judge of High Court are charged from which among the following:

- [a] consolidated fund of india
- [b] consolidated fund of the state
- [c] contingency fund of india
- [d] contingency fund of state

68. Which among the following was the purpose of setting up the **Balwant Rai Mehta Committee** in 1956?

- [a] suggesting measures for democratic decentralization
- [b] reporting the working of the village panchayats
- [c] suggesting measures for better efficiency in the implementation of the community development projects
- [d] investigating the feasibility of setting up new panchayat machinery

69. The Bicameralism legislature is an essential features in which among the following types of Governments?

- [a] parliamentary system
- [b] presidential system
- [c] federal system
- [d] unitary system

70. On the recommendations of Santhanam Committee, which among the following offices was set up in India?

- (a) Central Vigilance Commission
- (b) Central Economic Intelligence Bureau
- (c) Foreign Investment Promotion Board
- (d) Khadi and Village Industries Commission

71. Which body framed the constitution for Independent India?

- (a) Drafting Committee
- (b) Constitutional Assembly
- (c) Union Constitutional Committee
- (d) A working Committee

72. Who proposed the preamble before the Drafting Committee of the Constitution?
- (a) J L Nehru
 - (b) Dr B R Ambedkar
 - (c) B N Rao
 - (d) M K Gandhi
73. Which of the following sites is associated with Ashoka Pillar?
- (a) Sachi Stupa
 - (b) Khajuraho
 - (c) Mandu
 - (d) Chatri
74. The Boddhisattva Doctrine is associated with
- (a) Mahayana Buddhism
 - (b) Hinayana Buddhism
 - (c) Vajrayana Buddhism
 - (d) Theravada Buddhism
75. Which of the following was the most powerful city-state in India in the 6th century B.C.?
- (a) Kasha
 - (b) Magadh
 - (c) Kamboj
 - (d) Gandhar
76. According to the Indian Constitution, the Treaty-Making power is Conferred upon:
- (a) The Prime Minister
 - (b) The Foreign Minister
 - (c) The President of India, subject to the ratification of the Parliament
 - (d) None of these.
77. Article 123 of the Constitution is:
- (a) Power of the President to dissolve the Lok Sabha
 - (b) Power of the Governor to Promulgate the Ordinance
 - (c) Power of the President to Promulgate the Ordinance
 - (d) Power of the Parliament to Pass the Bill
78. The Provision for the imposition of President's rule in the state is given under:
- (a) Article 355
 - (b) Article 360
 - (c) Article 356
 - (d) Article 352
79. Which of the following methods is adopted for the election of the President of India?
- (a) Direct
 - (b) Indirect
 - (c) Proportional
 - (d) Both (a) and (c)
80. Delhi became the capital of India in the year:
- (a) 1916
 - (b) 1882
 - (c) 1911
 - (d) 1857
81. The first Woman Chief Justice of High Court of India

- (a) Laila Mukherjee (b) Laila Seth
(c) Fatima Bibi (d) Ruma Pal

82. International Court of Justice is

- (a) an independent international institution (b) a principal organ of the UNO
(c) a subsidiary organ of the UNO (d) a European Institution

83. The India Independence League was formed by:

- (a) Jayaprakash Narayan
(b) Aruna Asaf Ali
(c) S M Joshi
(d) Rash Bihari Bose

84. The first movement launched against the British in India was:

- (a) Swadeshi Movement
(b) Khilafat Movement
(c) Quit India Movement
(d) Non-Cooperation Movement

85. The call for 'Dilli Chalo' was given by:

- (a) Lala Lajpat Rai
(b) Subhash Chandra Bose
(c) Jawaharlal Nehru
(d) Congress of 1942

86. Which country hosted the 2017 FIFA U-17 World Cup?

- (a) Saudi Arabia
(b) Iran
(c) Portugal
(d) India

87. Name the cricketer whose biography titled 'A century is not Enough' was launched recently?

- (a) Sachin Tendulkar
(b) Sourav Ganguly
(c) VVS Laxman
(d) Rahul Dravid

88. Which state has approved the ordinance providing death penalty for the rape of children below 12 years of age?

- (a) Maharashtra
(b) Gujarat
(c) Madhya Pradesh
(d) Jammu and Kashmir

89. In which of the following area, the government of India has relaxed the restricted area permit regime?

- I. Daman and Diu
II. Andaman and Nicobar
III. Lakshadweep

- (a) I and II
(b) II and III
(c) I and III
(d) All of the above

90. In which country 15th SCO Defence Ministers meeting was held?
- (a) China
 - (b) Russia
 - (c) Japan
 - (d) India
91. Which telecom service provider merged with Indus Towers, to make it World's largest towers company?
- (a) Bharti Infratel
 - (b) Essar Telecom
 - (c) Reliance Infratel
 - (d) Aster Infrastructure
92. Which city in India has become the first city to run on 100% Renewable Energy?
- (a) Diu
 - (b) Jaipur
 - (c) Amritsar
 - (d) Chennai
93. Which two organisations have planned to co-host Conference on Syrian Aid?
- (a) EU and UN
 - (b) WTO and EU
 - (c) OECD and UN
 - (d) None of these
94. Which among these IT firms recently became the first IT firm to cross \$100 billion mark?
- (a) TCS
 - (b) HCL
 - (c) Wipro
 - (d) Infosys
95. In which country, the 6th edition of Indian Naval Symposium is being hosted:
- (a) Iran
 - (b) Iraq
 - (c) Russia
 - (d) Japan
96. When is the World Earth Day celebrated?
- (a) April 29
 - (b) April 23
 - (c) April 22
 - (d) March 21
97. Recently passed fugitive Economic offenders Bill aims to curb the defaulters of bank loans. Which economic offender will be prosecuted under the bill:
- (a) Corporate Offenders who refuse to return to India to avoid investigation by Indian authority
 - (b) Bank Loan Defaulters who remained in India
 - (c) Economic Offenders who bypass the Indian law but remain in India
 - (d) All of them
98. Trans-Himalayan multi-dementional transport network will be connecting Nepal with which of the following countries
- (a) Bhutan
 - (b) China

- (c) India
- (d) Bangladesh

99. International Financial Corporation is the body of which of the following international financial Institutions?

- (a) BRICS Bank
- (b) World Bank Group
- (c) IMF
- (d) Asian Development Bank

100. 21 April is observed as the World Creative and Innovative Day, in which year the first World Creativity and Innovation Day was celebrated:

- (a) 2007
- (b) 2000
- (c) 2002
- (d) 2003

101. Which country unveiled its first cinema in over 35 years?

- (a) Iran
- (b) Iraq
- (c) Saudi Arabia
- (d) Egypt

102. The Mallimath Committee Report was constitute to look into

- (a) Judicial delays in India
- (b) Reform in criminal justice administration
- (c) Civil Procedural Delay
- (d) review of constitutional system

103. The first judge against whom a motion of impeachment was introduced into Parliament

- (a) Justice SubbaRao
- (b) Justice Ramaswami
- (c) Justice Mahajan
- (d) Justice Viraswami

104. Lok Adalats have been created under:

- (a) Legal Services Authority Act
- (b) Arbitration and Conciliation Act
- (c) Administration of Justice Act
- (d) None of above

105. This Monopolies and Restrictive Trade Practice Act was repealed by:

- (a) Competition Act
- (b) Consumer Protection Act
- (c) Foreign Trade (Development and Regulation) Act
- (d) Liberalization Policy of the Government

106. Who is the head of the seventh pay commission?

- (a) Justice Thakur
- (b) Justice Kurien Joseph
- (c) Justice A K Mathur
- (d) Justice K G Balakrishnan

107. Under our Constitution right to property is

- (a) Fundamental right
- (b) Human right
- (c) Constitutional right
- (d) a mere legal right

108. Governor of a State can be removed by
(a) Impeachment by State Legislature
(b) The President
(c) By the State Cabinet
(d) The Union Government at the request of the Chief Minister
109. Sovereignty under the Constitution belongs to
(a) The Parliament
(b) the people
(c) The Supreme Court
(d) the President along with parliament
110. In India, international treaties are ratified by
(a) Parliament
(b) President
(c) Prime Minister
(d) The Union Cabinet
111. The King who gave permission to establish East India Company in India
(a) Jahangir
(b) Aurangzeb
(c) Shahjahan
(d) Shershah
112. The famous Chipko movement is attributed to
(a) preventing the felling of trees
(b) afforestation
(c) transparency in public life
(d) sustainable development
113. The prime reason for the happening of Tsunami is
(a) plate tectonics
(b) underwater ridges
(c) under water volcanic activity
(d) pressure from Earth's core
114. First woman Director General of Police in India who ran as a politician and contested from Haridwar in 2014 election
(a) Kanchan Choudhary
(b) Kavitha Choudhary
(c) Kiran Bedi
(d) Aswathy Tonge
115. The seat of International Criminal Court is at
(a) The Hague
(b) Geneva
(c) Washington
(d) Tokyo
116. India became a member of UNO in
(a) 1945
(b) 1947
(c) 1950
(d) 1952
117. Light year is a unit of
(a) Distance
(b) Time
(c) Sound
(d) Light intensity
118. Le Corbusier, the architect of Chandigarh was a
(a) Franco-British
(b) Danish-Portuguese
(c) Swiss-France
(d) Franco-Indian
119. Which of the following rivers does not flow into the Arabian Sea?
[A] Tungabhadra
[B] Sabarmati
[C] Mandovi
[D] Narmada

120. The lacustrine deposits of Kashmir called 'Karewas' are known for :

- [A] Saffron Cultivation
- [B] Almond Orchards
- [C] Apple Orchards
- [D] All of these

121. Which of the following Mountain passes forms the 'tri-junction' of India, China and Myanmar?

- [A] Nathu La
- [B] Jelep La
- [C] Bomdi La
- [D] Diphu

122. Majuli, the largest river island in the world is located in which among the following states of India?

- [A] Assam
- [B] Manipur
- [C] Nagaland
- [D] Tripura

123. 'Gir Kesar', which has been given the Geographical Indication (GI) tag, is a famous variety of which among the following?

- [A] Saffron
- [B] Pepper
- [C] Mango
- [D] Sweet

124. In context with the types of Fishes found in India, which among the following is not a marine fish?

- [A] Eel
- [B] Hilsa
- [C] Sardina
- [D] Rohu

125. An Inland water transit and trade protocol exists between India and which among the following neighbours?

- [A] Sri Lanka
- [B] Bangladesh
- [C] Pakistan
- [D] Myanmar

126. Which of the following is not a variety of mango?

- [A] Banganapalle
- [B] Alphonso
- [C] Sindhoora
- [D] Red Dacca

127. Which Booker Prize winning novelist's book "The Golden House" was recently published by Penguin Random House in 2017?

- (a) V.S Naipaul
- (b) Arvind Adiga
- (c) Arundhati Roy
- (d) Salman Rushdie

128. In which scheme Government has set ambitious target to replace 77 crore incandescent bulbs across the country with LEDs by 2019.

- (a) UJALA (b) UJJWAL
(c) UDAY (d) UDAN

129. 'Veerappan: Chasing the Brigand' an account of the life and killing of Veerappan in Operation Cocoon, has been authored by?

- (a) V Selva Kumar (b) Srinath Raghavan
(c) B Jeyamohan (d) K Vijay Kumar

130. Uranium reserves were recently found in which North Eastern state, estimated 9.22 million tonnes of uranium ore deposits.?

- (a) Mizoram (b) Nagaland
(c) Tripura (d) Meghalaya

131. Which country presented veteran scientist M S Swaminathan governor general's medallion in recognition of his contribution to "improved agricultural practices and rural development in India and abroad"?

- (a) France (b) Ireland
(c) Germany (d) Canada

132. World's first Braille Atlas for visually impaired persons was launched by which country?

- (a) UK (b) South Korea
(c) India (d) China

133. Who became the first Indian batsman to score double centuries in four consecutive test series?

- (a) Cheteshwar Pujara (b) Ajinkya Rahane
(c) Virat Kohli (d) None of the Above

134. India's first of its kind conclave, National Women's Parliament (NWP) was organized in?

- (a) Maharashtra (b) Karnataka
(c) Andhra Pradesh (d) Kerala

135. Who has been appointed as the new SEBI Chairman?

- (a) Ananta Barua (b) Amarjeet Singh
(c) Ajay Tyagi (d) Anil Sharma

136. What is the name of the famous sand artist from Pune who has created Guinness World record by building World's tallest sand castle of 48 feet 8 inches?

- (a) Sudarshan Pattnaik (b) Dan Belcher
(c) Ted Siebert (d) Manas Kumar Sahoo

137. Who has been appointed as the new President of ASSOCHAM?

- (a) D.S. Rawat (b) Kiran Kumar Grandhi
(c) Balkrishan Goenka (d) Sandeep Jajodia

138. Kush Bhagat is associated with which sport?

- (a) Chess (b) Badminton
(c) Table Tennis (d) Snooker

139. Which state government launched an e-Prison project to digitalize jail records?

- (a) Tripura (b) Nagaland
(c) Jammu & Kashmir (d) Chattisgarh

140. Which Olympic sprinter was awarded with 'Sportsman of the Year' award at Laureus World Awards, also called 'Oscar of Sports', held at Monaco?

- (a) Usain Bolt (b) Tyson Gay
(c) Asafa Powell (d) Justin Gatlin

LOGICAL REASONING

The question in this section are based on brief statements or passages. Choose your answers based on the reasoning in each passage. Do not make assumptions that are not supported by the passage or by common sense. For some questions, more than one answer choice may be possible, so choose the best answer to each question, that is, the one that is most accurate and complete. After you have chosen your answer, mark the corresponding space on the Answer Sheet.

(Q. No. 141 to 150: Each Question- 1 Marks)

Total Marks- 50 Marks

141. Referee: I am sorry, but your last shot was out. When a tennis ball lands outside of the court boundaries without touching the line, then it is out.

Tennis Player: But my ball was not out. It seems that your calls are unfairly favouring the other player. If my last ball was out, then all of her shots that you called in over the past couple of games must have been out.

For the tennis player's argument to be logically correct, which of the following assumptions must be made?

- (a) The referee is unfairly siding with her opponent.
(b) Tennis is a game where it is impossible post facto to determine whether a ball landed out.
(c) Her last shot either hit the line or was within the court's boundaries.
(d) Her opponent is currently beating her in the match.

142. The Great Wall of China was built in order to prevent nomads and wandering warrior bands from entering the Chinese countryside in order to ravage and pillage the towns. However, the ranging warrior bands could climb over the wall, and numerous Chinese soldiers were required to guard the wall in order to ensure that no one climbed over. Since the wall required numerous soldiers, it seems that the emperor of China could have saved a lot of money by not building the wall at all; instead, he could have deployed to the individual cities those members of the army who would have guarded the wall. This deployment would have had the same effect as the wall, and the emperor would not have wasted so much money on building a huge stone structure across his countryside.

Which of the following, if true, would support the argument above?

- (a) China was plagued by warrior bands inside of the wall in addition to those outside.
(b) The emperor built the wall more as a monument to his greatness than for any other reason.
(c) Villagers could have been taught by soldiers to more adequately defend themselves.
(d) The countryside of China was not safe for builders of the Great Wall to traverse without accompaniment.

143. Salesperson: Packages that are shipped around December 10 should be wrapped extra carefully because of the high volume of packages that are sent during that time of the year. Hanukkah and Christmas gifts flood the mail during December, and because

of the excessive numbers of packages, handlers at the post office are more careless in their treatment of the packages. Parcels are more likely than they normally are to be thrown, stored underneath mounds of boxes, and even lost. Bubble wrapping items inside packages will protect against many of these dangers, which is why it is so important to buy large quantities of bubble wrap now, before everyone rushes to purchase it during December.

Which of the following could be concluded from the passage?

- (a) The same risks associated with shipping in December because of Hanukkah and Christmas are present in November around Thanksgiving.
- (b) It would be better to avoid shipping packages at all during December because of the risks involved.
- (c) Post offices are unable to protect most packages that are delivered to them from being harmed by the shipping process.
- (d) Bubble wrap cannot protect gifts from all dangers that threaten them when they are shipped in December.

I Styrofoam buttons provide just as much protection for packages as bubble wrap does

144. Plumber: Your sink must have been stopped up for several days to create this amount of drainage. If rice was the cause of the stoppage, then normally, after several days, the stoppage would have disappeared because, given this much standing water, the rice would usually have decomposed within a day.

Homeowner: We haven't used the sink since several days ago when we cooked a meal that had rice in it. In fact, I started noticing problems right after that dinner. I guess the leftovers of that meal found their way down the drain and caused the problem.

Which of the following, if true, would support the homeowner's conclusion?

- (a) The leftovers of that night's meal contained other substances in addition to rice.
- (b) They used the sink for other things in between that meal and today.
- (c) The sink would not be stopped up with just rice for this length of time.
- (d) The plumber was unable to fix the sink because of the excessive amount of water in the drain.

145. All very young girls in Interstate Preschool have red hair or brown hair. Tommy's sister is a child who has red hair. All older boys in Interstate Preschool have brown hair. Tommy's sister is in Interstate Preschool.

Which of the following is an assumption that could be made for the argument to be logically correct?

- (a) All very young girls with red hair are in Interstate Preschool.
- (b) No girls without red hair are in Interstate Preschool.
- (c) Boys are the only children with red hair outside of Interstate Preschool.
- (d) No girls with any hair colour besides red are outside of Interstate Preschool.

146. The average member of a hunter-gatherer society worked fewer hours per day than the average member of a farming society. Extra free time is often associated with increased happiness, so it would appear that huntergatherer societies were happier in general than farming societies. This logic can be extrapolated to apply to the capitalistic society of today, in which the average person works 1.5 times the number of hours worked by the average member of a farming society. Through this analysis, it becomes clear that the more advanced a society is, the less happy the average person will be.

Which of the following, if true, would most undermine the analysis presented in the passage?

- (a) People in farming communities were more susceptible to disease than people in hunter-gatherer societies.
- (b) People in capitalistic societies are on average less happy than people who lived in farming societies.
- (c) Many people who live in advanced societies wish that they had the opportunity to live in a society that required fewer working hours.
- (d) People in more advanced societies derive more additional happiness from their work than the amount of happiness they lose because of having less free time.

147. Increased rainfall is associated with an increased rate of plant growth in the rainforest. This past decade has shown an increase in rainfall that is relatively dramatic, and scientists claim that there has been a correspondingly dramatic increase in rainforest plant growth. However, looking at the rainforest, we can clearly see that its borders are shrinking rapidly.

Which of the following would account for the increased rate of plant growth coupled with the decreased border size?

- (a) There were years in the past decade that produced lower levels of rain than average.
- (b) Companies have destroyed small parts of the rainforests in the past decade.
- (c) People harvest much of what is determined to be an increase in plant growth.
- (d) Throughout the past decade, the rate of deforestation exceeded the rate of plant growth.

148. . Somnambulism is a bad habit because people can put themselves in grave danger if they get outside while sleepwalking. To prevent this risk, known somnambulists should lock their doors at night.

- (a) The squib claims that the people could not open the door.
- (b) This choice essentially states that somnambulism is dangerous for the same reasons that the squib does
- (c) This answer choice is nonsensical
- (d) This inference is not necessarily true, since some sleepwalkers securely fasten their doors.

149. This driving teacher stresses the need to know both road conditions and weather conditions when you are driving. The teacher claims that if you know the conditions, then you will be able to prevent accidents from occurring.

The correct statement that strengthen the argument is:

- (a) If this were not true, then there would be no reason to take account of the unexpected.
- (b) This determination cannot be made on the basis of the squib.
- (c) This answer would not support the argument
- (d) This is not an assumption of the argument

150. The circus comes to town every year with some exciting new attraction. The squib details several new attractions from previous years and then describes some of the exhibits that do not change from year to year.

- (a) From the information in the squib, it cannot be determined whether or not all children love the circus.
- (b) This statement is not true, according to the squib.
- (c) This point is explicitly stated in the first sentence of the squib.
- (d) Some people may like the ringmaster better than the dancers or trapeze artists.

Instructions (151 to 155): Given below is a pair of events I and II. You have to decide

their nature of relationship. Assume that the given information is correct and final.

151. I. Inflation rate in India has come down

II Reserve Bank of India has increased interest rate.

- (A) I is the main cause and II is the main effect
- (B) I is effect but II is not the main cause
- (C) II is the main cause and I is the main effect
- (D) II is an effect but I is not the main cause

152. I More and more students are opting for legal education

II Bar Council of India has introduced Bar Examination

- (A) I is the main cause and II is the main effect
- (B) I is effect but II is not the main cause
- (C) II is the main cause and I is the main effect
- (D) II is an effect but I is not the main cause

153. I Prices of toys in the market have gone down

II Government has reduced import duty on toys.

- (A) I is the main cause and II is the main effect
- (B) I is effect but II is not the main cause
- (C) II is the main cause and I is the main effect
- (D) II is an effect but I is not the main cause.

154. I Sea level is steadily rising

II Global Warming is a serious problem which the world is facing

- (A) I is the main cause and II is the main effect
- (B) I is effect but II is not the main cause
- (C) II is the main cause and I is the main effect
- (D) II is an effect but I is not the main cause

155. I Financial Institutions are largely unregulated

II Today, world is passing through a serious phase of economic crisis

- (A) I is the main cause and II is the main effect
- (B) I is effect but II is not the main cause
- (C) II is the main cause and I is the main effect
- (D) II is an effect but I is not the main cause

Instructions (156 to 160): Each question below is followed by arguments. Choose the most appropriate choice from the options given

156. Question: Should Judicial Activism be discouraged?

Argument I: No, it would lead to executive dictatorship

Argument II: Yes, Judiciary should stay in the constitutional limits

- (A) Argument I is strong
- (B) Argument II is strong
- (C) Both the arguments are strong
- (D) Both the arguments are weak

157. Question: Should the Judiciary be independent of Executive and Legislature?

Argument I: Yes, this is necessary to ensure impartiality in the administration of Justice

Argument II: No, it will develop inertia in Executive and Legislature

- (A) Argument I is strong
- (B) Argument II is strong
- (C) Both the arguments are strong
- (D) Both the arguments are weak

158. Question: Should E-Governance be introduced at every level of public administration?

- Argument I: Yes, it will reduce corruption
Argument II: No, it will lead to unemployment
- (A) Argument I is strong (B) Argument II is strong
(C) Both the arguments are strong (D) Both the arguments are weak

159. Question: Should there be a world Government?

- Argument I: Yes, it will eliminate inter-state conflicts
Argument II: No, Rich and Powerful countries will dominate it
- (A) Argument I is strong (B) Argument II is strong
(C) Both the arguments are strong (D) Both the arguments are weak

160. **Principle:** A person is said to be of sound mind for the purpose of making a contract if, at the time when he makes it, he is capable of understanding it and of forming a rational judgment as to its effect upon his interests.

Statement: "Every person has certain inherent and inalienable rights which must be protected by Rule of Law."

- (A) True (B) False
(C) Difficult to determine (D) Both True and False

LEGAL APPTITUDE

161. The law relating to prisoners of war has been codified by

- (a) Geneva Convention
(b) Vienna Convention
(c) Paris Convention
(d) None of the above

162. A child born after father's death is

- (a) Posthumous
(b) Heir
(c) Intestate
(d) Bastard

163. The manager of waqf is known as

- (a) Sajjadanshin
(b) Khadim
(c) Mutawalli
(d) Mujwar

164. Result of successful prosecution is

- (a) acquittal
(b) discharge
(c) conviction
(d) charge sheeting

165. Which Parliamentary Committee is describe as 'Watch-dog' and guardian of the people against official negligence of corruption?

- (a) Committee on Estimates
(b) Public Accounts Committee
(c) Committee on Public Undertaking
(d) Committee on 'Consolidated fund of India'

166. Development of law of tort has taken through:

- (a) Customs and precedents
- (b) Judicial decision
- (c) Enactments
- (d) All the above

167. When goods are displayed in a shop with a price tag, it is

- a) An offer
- b) An invitation to offer
- c) A counter offer
- d) None of these

168. LEGAL PRINCIPLE:

- 1) If a person commits an act by which death is caused to another person and the act is done with the intention of causing death, that person is liable for murder.
- 2) A person has a right of self defense to the extent of causing death to another provided he apprehends death by the act of the latter.

FACTS: Anuj went to a hardware shop owned by Akhil. Bargaining on some item led to altercation between the two and Anuj picked up a sharp object and hit at Akhil. When Akhil started bleeding, his wife Mridula intervened and she was also hit by Anuj and she became unconscious. Finding himself totally cornered, Akhil delivered a severe blow to Anuj with a sharp object. Anuj died instantly.

Possible decisions

- (a) Akhil murdered Anuj.
- (b) Akhil killed Anuj with the intention of killing to save himself and his wife
- (c) Akhil killed Anuj without any intention to do so just to save himself And his wife.
- (d) Akhil was acting in self defense and that is beyond reasonable doubt.

(Statement for Q. No. 169 – 172)

LEGAL PRINCIPLES:

- A. The fundamental right to freedom of association includes the right to form an association as well as not join an association.
- B. The fundamental right to freedom of association also includes the freedom to decide with whom to associate.
- C. The fundamental right to freedom of association does not extend to the right to realize the objectives of forming the association.
- D. Fundamental rights are applicable only to laws made by or administrative actions of the State and do not apply to actions of private persons.
- E. Any law in contravention of fundamental rights is unconstitutional and therefore cannot bind any person.

FACTS:

Gajodhar Pharmaceuticals, a private company, offered an employment contract of two years to S M Alam. One of the clauses in the employment contract provided that S M Alam must join Gajodhar Mazdoor Singh (GMS), one of the trade unions active in Gajodhar Pharmaceuticals.

169. Decide which of the following propositions can be most reasonably inferred through the application of the stated legal rules to the facts of this case:

- (a) The employment contract offered to S M Alam to join GMS is legal as it does not restrict his freedom not to join any association.
- (b) The condition requiring S M Alam to join GMS cannot bind him as it impinges on his freedom not to join any association.
- (c) S M Alam cannot claim a fundamental right to freedom of association against Gajodhar Pharmaceuticals and therefore, the contract would bind him even though his freedom of association is restricted.
- (d) The employment contract infringes S M Alam's freedom to decide with whom to associate and therefore is legally not enforceable.

170. If Parliament enacts a law which requires every employee to join the largest trade union in their workplace mandating S M Alam to join GMS, then:

- (a) Such a law would merely govern private action to which fundamental rights do not apply.
- (b) Such a law would not curtail any individual's right to freedom of association.
- (c) Neither the employment contract, nor the law of the parliament would be enforceable as they would curtail the freedom of association.
- (d) The law of parliament would violate an individual's freedom not to join any association and therefore be unconstitutional.

171. If Parliament enacts is law that requires a trade union to open its membership to all the employees, then

- (a) Such a law would not infringe any fundamental right to freedom of association.
- (b) The law of the parliament would curtail an individual's right not to join any association.
- (c) Such a law would curtail the union members' right to decide with whom they would like to associate.
- (d) Such a law would render the employment contract offered by Gajodhar Pharmaceuticals to S M Alam unenforceable.

172. If Gajodhar Pharmaceuticals enter into an agreement with GMS wherein the former agrees to hire only the existing members of GMS as employees, then:

- (a) The agreement would be illegal as it would curtail the union members' right to decide with whom they would like to associate.
- (b) Such an agreement would infringe the union's right to decide with whom to associate and therefore is legally not enforceable.
- (c) The agreement would not be enforceable as it would infringe upon the employer's right not to join an association.
- (d) The constitutionality of this agreement cannot be contested on group.

173. .LL.B. stands for

- (a) Bachelor of laws
- (b) Legalite lawyers bacilli
- (c) Legum baccaureus
- (d) None of the above

174. A contract is said to have 3 essentials. Which one among the following is not an essential in the formation of contract

- (a) Written agreement
- (b) Consideration
- (c) Offer and Acceptance
- (d) Free consent

175. Which of the following cases are related to Right to Speedy Trial?

- (a) Hussain Ara Khatoon v. State of Bihar
- (b) Sunil Batra v. Delhi Admin.
- (c) Charles Sobhraj v. Suprd. Central Jail
- (d) Zahida Begum v Mustaque Ahmad

176. In which year was the Consumer Protection Act passed by the parliament?

- (a) 1988
- (b) 1996
- (c) 1972
- (d) 1986

177. Which provision of the Constitution of India deals with the equality before law?

- (a) Article 14
- (b) Article 15
- (c) Article 17
- (d) Article 21

178. What is the English equivalent of the term LokPal?

- (a) Vigilance
- (b) Ombudsman
- (c) Citizen's Committee
- (d) Officer of the Court

179. In a particular case, the advice tendered by the Council of Ministers is sent back by the President for reconsideration. If the Council of Ministers adhere to their earlier advice, the President

- (a) can ask for reconsideration of the advice once more
- (b) can ask for reconsideration of the advice any number of times
- (c) has no option but to accept such advice
- (d) must seek the advice of the Supreme Court before rejecting the advice.

180. The High Courts and the Supreme Court of India can entertain how many kinds of writs in toto?

- (a) 2
- (b) 3
- (c) 5
- (d) 6

181. What writ is associated with infamous case of ADM, Jabalpur v. Shivkant Shukla:

- (a) Certiorari
- (b) Habeus Corpus
- (c) Mandamus
- (d) Quo Warranto

182. The reference to Hindus in Article 25 of the Constitution does not include

- (a) Parsees
- (b) Sikhs
- (c) Jains
- (d) Buddhists

183. There is no provision in the Constitution for the impeachment of

- (a) the Chief Justice of a High Court
- (b) the Chief Justice of India
- (c) the Governor
- (d) the Vice-President

184. In the event of non-enforcement of Directive Principles of the State by the Government, a citizen of India can move the

- (a) District Court
- (b) High Court

- (c) Supreme Court
- (d) None of these

185. The Constitution of India borrowed the concept of the Directive Principles of State Policy from the Constitution of

- (a) Ireland
- (b) USA
- (c) UK
- (d) Canada

186. Who book "Roses in December" is the Autobiography of:

- (a) Justice M C Chagla
- (b) Nani Palkivala
- (c) Justice Bhagwati
- (d) Justice Mahmood

187. The Right to Property was excluded from the Fundamental Rights during the tenure of the Government headed by

- (a) Charan Singh
- (b) Morarji Desai
- (c) Indira Gandhi
- (d) Rajiv Gandhi

188. Under which one of the following Articles, the Supreme Court has been given the powers to review any judgement pronounced or order made by it previously?

- (a) Article 130
- (b) Article 137
- (c) Article 138
- (d) Article 139

189. Which of the following article calls for the abolition of all titles?

- (a) Article 17
- (b) Article 27
- (c) Article 18
- (d) Article 16

190. By which amendment, were the Fundamental Duties of Indian citizens added to the Constitution?

- (a) Forty-fourth Amendment
- (b) Forty-third Amendment
- (c) Forty-second Amendment
- (d) Forty-first Amendment

MATHEMATICAL ABILITY

191. Find the Largest number of four digits exactly divisible by 12, 15, 18 and 27.

- a. 9720
- b. 9850
- c. 9999
- d. 9700

192. A and B has some money. If A gives Rs. 30 to B, then B will have twice the money left with A. But, if B gives Rs. 10 to A, then A will have thrice as much as is left with B. How much money does each have?

- a. 50, 25
- b. 62, 34
- c. 60, 30
- d. 62, 38

193. The average of 11 results is 60. If the average of first six results is 58 and that of the last six is 63, find the sixth result.

- a. 70
- b. 86
- c. 50
- d. 66

194. Son's age after six years will be three- seventh of his father's age. Ten years ago, the ratio of their ages was 1:5. What is Father's age at present?

- a. 50 years
- b. 40 years
- c. 60 years
- d. 30 years

195. A salesman's commission is 5% on all sales upto Rs. 10000 and 4% on all sales exceeding this. He remits Rs. 31100 to his owner after deducting his commission. Find the total sales.

- a. Rs. 40000
- b. Rs. 55000
- c. Rs. 32500
- d. Rs. 42500

196. A dealer sold three-fourth of his articles at a gain of 20% and the remaining at cost price. Find the gain earned by him in the whole transaction.

- a. 15%
- b. 20%
- c. 25%
- d. 5%

197. A mixture contains alcohol and water in the ratio 4:3. If 5 litres of water is added to the mixture, the ratio becomes 4:5. Find the quantity of alcohol in the given mixture.

- a. 20 litres
- b. 25 litres
- c. 10 litres
- d. 15 litres

198. A can do a piece of work in 80 days. He works at it for 10 days and then B alone finishes the remaining work in 42 days. In how much time will A and B working together, finish the work?

- a. 30 days
- b. 20 days
- c. 25 days
- d. 40 days

199. A and B are two stations 390 km apart. A train starts from A at 10 a.m. and travels towards B at 65 kmph. Another train starts from B at 11 a.m. and travels towards A at 35 kmph. At what time do they meet?

- a. 2.15p.m.
- b. 3.00p.m.
- c. 3.15p.m.
- d. 6.30p.m

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200. The difference between the compound interest and simple interest on a certain sum at 10% per annum for 2 years is Rs. 631. Find the sum.

- a. Rs. 60000
- b. Rs. 62000
- c. Rs. 63200
- d. Rs. 63100